

Address of Kenneth to the People
of the United States.
(Concluded.)

Although the sympathy of the world often depended upon the result of action, and the successful are applauded, still Hungary, by her noble bearing and trials, has drawn the attention of the world. The sympathy which she has excited in both worlds, and the thundering curses which the lips of millions have pronounced against her destroyers, announce, like the roaring of the wind before the storm, the coming retribution of Heaven.

Among the nations of the world there are two which demand our gratitude and affection. England, no less powerful than she is free and glorious, supported by her sympathy, and by the approving voice of her noblest sons and the millions of her people. And that chosen land of freedom beyond the ocean—the all-powerful people of the United States, with their liberal government—inspired with hope, and gave us courage by their deep interest in our cause and sufferings, and by their condemnation of our executioners.

The President of the United States, whom the confidence of a free people had elevated to the loftiest station in the world, in his message to Congress, announced that the American government would have been the first to recognize the independence of Hungary. And the senators and representatives in Congress marked the destroyers of my country's liberty with the stigma of ignominy, and expressed, with indignity, feelings, their contempt for the conduct of Austria, and their wish to break the diplomatic intercourse with such a government. They summoned the despots before the judgment-seat of humanity; they proclaimed that the world would condemn them; they declared that Austria and Russia had been unjust, tyrannical, and barbarous, and deserved to be reprobated by mankind, while Hungary was worthy of universal sympathy.

The Hungarians, more fortunate than we were able to reach the shores of a New World, were received by the people and government of the United States in the most generous manner, as like brothers. With one hand they welcomed them to the deserts, and with the other welcomed the honorable peace to partake of that glorious American liberty more to be valued than the crown of kings. Our hearts are filled with emotions to see how this great nation extends its sympathy and aid to every Hungarian who is so fortunate as to arrive in America. The sympathetic declaration of such a people, under such circumstances, with similar sentiments in England, is not a mere sign which the wind blows away, but is prophetic of the future. What a blessed sight to see whole nations elevated by such sentiments!

Free citizens of America! I am inspired by my countrymen to noble deeds; your approval imparted confidence; your sympathy consoled in adversity, gave a ray of hope for the future, and enabled us to bear the weight of our heavy cross. Your fellow feeling will sustain us till we realize the hope, the faith, that Hungary is not lost forever! Accept, in the name of my countrymen, the acknowledgments of our warmest gratitude and our high respect.

I, who know Hungary so well, finally believe she is not lost; and the intelligent citizens of America have decided, not only with impulsive kindness, but with reason and policy, to favor the unfortunate but not subject Hungary. The sound of that encouraging voice is not like a funeral dirge, but as the shrill trumpet that will call the world to judgment.

Who does not see that Austria, even in her victory, has given herself a mortal wound? Her weakness is betrayed. The world no longer believes that Europe needs the preservation of this decaying empire. It is evident that its existence is a curse to mankind; it can never promote the welfare of society. The magic of its imagined power is gone; it was a delusion which can deceive no longer. Among all the races of this empire—not excepting the hereditary States—there is none that does not despise the reigning family of Hapsburg. This power has no moral ground of support; its vain dreams of a united empire—for which it has committed the most unheard-of crimes—are proved to be mere ravings at which the world laughs. No one loves or respects it; and when it falls, not a tear of regret will follow it to the grave. And fall it surely will. The moment Russia withdraws her support, the decayed edifice will crumble to dust. A shot fired by an English or an American vessel from the Adriatic would be like the trumpet at the city of Jericho. And this intrepid, foolish government thinks to control fate by the Hungarian sword. How long will Russia be able to assist? This Czar—who boasts that his mission is to be the scourge of all the nations striving for liberty—will not the liberty, whose vigorous life profane violence has blighted the miserable empire? The very character of his government is a declaration of war against the rights and interests of humanity, and the existence of other nations. Will the world suffer this long and long?

The Hungarian nation, in her war, has not only gained a consciousness of her own strength, but she has loved the idea that she deserves to exist, and to be independent; and she can show justly that her existence and independence are essential to the peace of the world in Europe. No, no! Hungary is not lost. By her faith, bravery, and by her courage, which teaches her to abide her fate, she will beget among the foremost in the war of universal liberty.

You, noble Americans, who bless in the name of the God of Liberty! To you, who have summoned the murderers of my countrymen before the judgment-seat of the world—to you, who are the first judges of this court—I will bring the complaints of my nation, and before you I will plead her cause. When the house of Hapsburg, with the aid of a foreign army, invaded my country, and had destroyed, by their manifesto of the 4th of March, 1850, the foundation upon which the union with Austria rested, there remained for Hungary no alternative than the declaration of independence which the National Assembly unanimously voted on the 14th April, 1849, and which the whole nation solemnly accepted, and sealed with their blood.

I declare to you, in the most solemn manner, that all which has taken place, or that may hereafter take place, proceeding either from individuals or government, contrary to this declaration, which is in perfect accord with the fundamental law of Hungary, is illegal and unjust.

Before you I assert that the accusation that the Magyars were unjust to the other races—by means of which a portion of the Servians, Wallachians, Slavonians, and Germans, dwelling in Hungary, was excited against us—is an impious slander, circulated by the house of Hapsburg, which strikes from crime to crime the united forces of our army, to conquer one race after another, and thus bring them all under the yoke of slavery.

It is true, some of the races in Hungary had reason to complain; but these subjects of complaint were the inevitable consequences of the pre-existing state of things and the Austrian interference. But the Croats had no reason to complain. This race of half a million, in a separate province, had a national assembly of its own, and enjoyed greater privileges than even the Hungarians. They contributed proportionally half as much in taxes; they possessed equal rights with Hungary; whilst the Hungarian Protestants, on account of their religion, were not suffered to own lands in Croatia. Their grievances and ours were the same in the perpetual violation of the constitution by the imperial government. But their own peculiar grievances arose from the evils of former times, and from the Austrian system of government, which forcibly placed the Slavonian, Serbian, and Wallachian boundary districts on the German military footing.

The moment, however, our people became free and enjoyed their political rights, they became just and placed all things upon a basis of freedom and perfect equality. But some of these races, blinded by the infernal slanders and suggestions of Austria, took up arms against us. It is people, who for centuries had endured slavery, fought against their own freedom! God forgive them! They knew not what they did.

In America people of different languages dwell; but who says that it is unjust for senators and representatives to use the English language in their debates, and to make it the official language of the government?

This was what the Magyar race did in Hungary. There was this difference only—that in America it was not necessary to establish this by law, for the original settlers had stamped their language in the country; but in Hungary a law was necessary to make the Magyar the official language. The use of the Latin language—a bad relic of the middle ages, which the clergy and aristocracy preserved as something precious, imitating the ancient despots who caused the laws to be written in small letters, and placed on high towers, that the people might not understand their rights—had been retained among us. It was necessary to have a living, spoken, popular language. And what other could we have than the noble Magyar?

In the general administration the predominance of our language, and consequently the race that spoke it, was a necessity; but in the administration of county affairs, which in some respects resembled that of the individual States in North America, the use of each language was granted. In the courts, in the trial by jury, in the right of petition, in the republication of all laws and ordinances, the various races had the right to use their own language. In one word, nothing was left undone which could tend to place all on a footing of the most perfect equality. True, we did not—as Austria has done for political purposes only, to enslave all the people and make the brave Hungarians a subordinate nation—make a territorial division of the lands. We respected rights, and wished to progress, but were too honest to commence a system of spoliation. And who has been benefited by this policy of the Vienna bureaucracy? Not even those on whom the pretended favors have been conferred.

When those races clamored for national rights, I boldly demanded what was wanting, and what could be granted without injury to the country. No one answered but reckless men, who spoke of territorial division. The Servians desired to have the comitat Bacs and the three counties of the Banat as a separate Servian State. The Wallachians wished to have Transylvania. They (the Servians) did not consider that they owned no separate portion of the land in Hungary, and that in Bacs and the Banat were Wallachians, Germans, and Magyars, who could not be made subordinate to the less numerous Servians. So, also, in Transylvania there were Magyars, Germans, and Saxons, who would complain of such a connection with Wallachia.

As there were various races speaking different languages in Hungary, and divided into as many municipalities, who could blame us for trying the foundation of government on a just equality to all? Croatia alone was a separate territory; and how often we have said to her that if she would remain in union with us, we would give her the land of brotherhood, but if she wished to separate we would not hinder her! We could not, however, permit such a division of Hungary as would have destroyed her as a nation. It was Austria who sowed the seeds of division and dissolution.

Citizens of America! to you I declare honestly that my aim in the federation of Hungary with the smaller nations was to secure the nationality and independence of each, and the freedom of all; and had anything been wanting which could have been justly granted to any or all of the races in Hungary, the Magyars had only to know it, and it would have been performed with readiness; for freedom, and not power, was their desire.

Finally, I declare that, by the declaration of independence by which I was elected governor of Hungary, I protest, so long as the people do not by their free will release me from that office, that no one can legally control the affairs of government but myself. This protestation is not made in a feeling of vanity or desire to be conspicuous, but from respect to the inherent rights of my countrymen. I strove not for power. The brilliancy of a crown would not seduce me. The final aim of my life, after having liberated my dear Hungary, was to end my days as a private citizen and an humble farmer.

My country, in the hour of danger, called upon me to assist in the struggle for freedom. I responded to its call—Obedience, doubtless, were more able, but I could have won more fame, but I yielded to none in the purity of my motives. Perhaps it was confidence in my ardent patriotism and honesty of purpose which induced the people to give me the power. They believed freedom would be safe in my hands. I felt my weakness, and told them I could not promise liberty unless they were united as one man, and would lay aside all personal, all sectional interests. I foretold that, if the nation was divided, it would fall. As long as they followed my injunctions, and were united, they were unconquerable—they performed miracles of valor. The fall of Hungary commenced the day they began to divide. Not knowing the secret causes of this division, and not suspecting treachery, and wishing to inspire confidence, to give skill and all the elements of success to our army, and caring nothing for my own fame, doing all for the good of my country, I gave command of the forces to another. I was assured by the most solemn engagement, by the man to whom I gave the power, that he would use it for the welfare and independence of the nation, and that he would be responsible to me and the people for the fulfillment of these conditions. He betrayed his country, and gave the army to the enemy. Had we succeeded after this terrible blow, he should have met his reward. And even now he is not freed from his accountability to the nation, no more than I, in the moral right and sense, cease to be the governor of Hungary. A short time may reverse again the fate of all. The aura of liberty breaks upon my vision, even at Broussa.

I have, therefore, intrusted to Ladislaus Ujhazy, Obergespan, of the Szarvas comitat, and civil governor of Comorn, the mission to be my representative, and through me the representative of the Hungarian nation, to the people and government of the United States, hoping and believing that so generous a people will not judge the merits of our cause by a temporary defeat, but will recognize Governor Ujhazy and his companions with the accustomed kindness.

May God bless your country forever! May I have the glorious destiny to share with other nations the blessings of that liberty which constitutes its own happiness and fame! May your great example, noble Americans, be to other nations the source of social virtue; your power be the terror of all tyrants—the protector of the distressed; and your free country ever continue to be the asylum for the oppressed of all nations.

Written at my place of banishment, Broussa, Asia Minor, 27th March, 1850.
LOUIS KOSUTH,
Governor of Hungary.

New York, Oct. 23.
The failure of Jacob Little & Co., caused some excitement; it is supposed, however, that they will pay all their liabilities.

It is reported that the Police have arrested in this city, the Fugitive Slave Jerry, who recently escaped from Syracuse.

Mr. Joseph Blunt, of this city, has been appointed Commissioner to China, in place of Hon. John W. Davis, resigned.

New York, Oct. 23.
The steamer Georgia, from Havana, arrived this evening, after a passage of four days and six hours. She left Havana on the 19th. The Falcon had not arrived when the Georgia left.

The steamer Empire City, for New Orleans, sailed in company with the Pizarro. There were two Spanish frigates, and three steam frigates, lying at Havana.

The arrest of Mr. Thresher is confirmed.

Heavy rains had prevailed through the island causing great injury to the sugar cane.

A requisition has been made in Spain for six steamers of war with 60 heavy Paixen guns, in anticipation of a war in the United States. Havana continues quiet.

The Georgia spoke on the 15th, the French bark Lulu in distress, at islands sick. On the 20th, spoke American ship Sharon, making signal of distress. Capt. Merriam's delicious with fever, and thrown all his instruments overboard. The Captain of a ship Georgia supplied the ship with a cargo. She was 15 days from New York, bound to Havre. On the 22d, spoke ship Java, 20 miles north of Cape Hatteras, steering south.

Rev. Joseph Tappan, of New York, will preach at Rev. Dr. Charles' church, tomorrow, all day, at the usual hours.

The Invasion of Mexico—Proclamation by the President.

The President having received intelligence on Monday from the United States Consul at Matamoros, that a company of Texans had been organized and marched into Mexico, and that new enlistments were progressing for similar purposes, has issued the following proclamation.

[Official.]
By the President of the United States.
A Proclamation.

Whereas there is reason to believe that a military expedition is about to be fitted out in the United States for the purpose of invading the Mexican Republic, with which this country is at peace—and whereas there is reason to apprehend that a portion of the people of this country, regardless of their duty as good citizens, are concerned or may be seduced to take part in the same:

And whereas, such enterprises tend to degrade the character of the United States in the opinion of the civilized world, and are expressly prohibited by law;—now, therefore, I issue this my proclamation, warning all persons who shall connect themselves with any such enterprise, in violation of the laws and national obligation of the United States, that they will thereby subject themselves to the heavy penalties that are denounced against such offenders;—that if they shall be captured within the jurisdiction of the Mexican authorities, they must expect to be tried and punished according to the laws of Mexico, and will have no right to claim the interposition of this Government in their behalf. I, therefore, expect all well disposed citizens, who have at heart the reputation of their country, and are animated with a just regard for its laws, its peace, and its welfare, to discountenance, and by all lawful means prevent any such enterprise; and I call upon every officer of this government, civil or military, to be vigilant in arresting for trial and punishment every such offender.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October, 1851, and 76th year of Independence.

MILLARD FILLMORE, President.
J. J. CHRISTENSEN, Acting Secy of State.

Later from Europe.

The American Mailsteamer Hermann, Captain Wilson, arrived at New York, Thursday morning. She brings advices from England to Wednesday, the 5th of October, her day of sailing from Southampton.

The Pacific arrived at Liverpool on the 7th. During her passage one of her passengers, Mr. Dennistown, of Liverpool, was lost overboard.

The Queen arrived in Edinburgh from Balmoral on the 7th, at 8 o'clock, P.M.

When the Royal train was within about 13 miles of Edinburgh, one of the pipes of the boiler of the engine burst, which detained the train about an hour. The accident was not such as to create the slightest alarm to her Majesty.

A fresh engine was sent from Edinburgh to bring the train in.

Her Majesty was most enthusiastically received by the inhabitants of Edinburgh in her progress to Holyrood Palace, from which she was to start for the South, on Wednesday morning.

France has been visited by very severe storms. The winter trade was opening well.

The French Government has sent a M. Charles Duvergier to Berlin on a special mission of inquiry into the system of duties and taxation in Prussia.

A letter from Hesse states that on the 30th ult. a search was ordered of all the bookellers' establishments in Cassel for prohibited publications.

On the 27th ult. a robber and murderer, named Karl Brodbeck, was beheaded in the interior of the jail. On the 25th, an old woman of 60 underwent the same punishment at Ostrowo, in Posen. She had been found guilty of the murder of her husband by pouring boiling water over him three times, between the 5th and 11th of September, 1849. In both cases the execution took place in the presence of the authorities and a Jury of the commune only.

FRANKFORD.—The protests of the Government of France and England and the note of Lord Galloway to the President of the Diet have, by a resolution of the body, been placed among the archives without any answer. In the debate that ended in this resolution the "inappropriety" of the expressions used in the French protest was particularly alluded to.

A calculation has been made by some curious person who has nothing better to do, that if every article in the Chrysal Palace were to be examined for three minutes it would occupy twenty-six years to examine all.

Sir Henry Bulwer has retired from the British mission, at Washington, and it is said to be to receive an European appointment.

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GERMANIA MUSICAL SOCIETY.—The proposed series of concerts by this celebrated musical association has been cordially responded to.—The required number of subscribers will in all probability be obtained in a few days. Already many of the most wealthy and fashionable families of the metropolis and its vicinity have placed their names upon the subscription book. These concerts will be the most attractive series ever given in Boston, and the audience will present such an array of beauty, wealth and fashion as has never before been assembled in any concert room in this city. No person will be considered musical or fashionable who does not attend the Germanians' concerts.—Boston Bee.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET.—Oct. 23. At market: 1800 Fat Cattle, 1000 Steers, 19 pairs Working Oxen, 70 Cows and Calves, 690 Sheep and Lambs, and 2000 Swine.
Prices.—Fat Cattle.—Extra 20 25; 1st quality 15 50; 2d do 15 25; 3d quality 14 00 to 15.
Steers.—Yearlings 17, 10 to 12; Two year old 12 17 to 24; three year old 11 25 to 34.
Working Oxen.—85, 70, 55 to 82.
Cows and Calves.—21, 25, 20, 25 to 10.
Sheep and Lambs.—12, 13, 20, 25 to 30.
Swine.—large, retail 11 25 to 12; fat hog 11 75 to 12.

Marine Intelligence.
PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

FRIDAY, Oct. 23.
Schr Ellen Rodam, Osgood, N Bedford, NY; Hojston, Lute, Sippican, Darien, Ga; Star, Nicholson, Beverly, NY; B Brown, Richmond, Albany, to Finch & Engs.
Sloop Hamilton, Burroughs, Pictown; Rockbrook, Dickson, Brightport; Providence, Brown, Pictown; Henry, Woodford, do; Resolution, Baker, N Kingston; N London, Latham, N Bedford, NY.

PEARS. Just received a fresh lot of the Pound Pear, for preserving, for sale at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames Street.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.
Will be sold by public auction, on WEDNESDAY, November 20th, 1851, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage, made and executed by Benjamin J. Brown and Albert H. Peck, dated July 19, 1849.

A certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated near Easton's Beach, in the town and county of Newport, and on the south side of the road leading to said beach, and is known as the Ocean Cottage. By order of Assignee of Mortgage.

FOR SALE.

THE lot of land with dwelling house and out-buildings thereon, containing 8 acres, on the east side of the road from the West to the East, in Portsmouth, about 6 miles from Newport. There is a fine orchard on the premises, also, a never failing well of good water; the buildings and fences are in good order. There is an entrance on the buildings of \$700, (two thirds their value) which has 5 years to run. The place is beautifully situated and would make a pleasant summer residence. Immediate possession will be given; for further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

JOSEPH W. CHASE.

HUFFING'S Dispensary, Bikes's Aromatics, W.C. Green's Oxygenated, Richardson's Sherry Wine and Whittell's Temperance Bitters; these are some of their valuable and popular medicines, fresh and warranted genuine, for sale at R. R. HAZARD & CO., 79 Thames Street.

NOTICE.
FOUND, on Black Island, on the 20th inst., a small black dog, green bottom, white waist, half and half tail, damaged. The owner can have the same by paying charges.

THOMAS MOTT,
New Shoreham.

TEXTRA New Helled Blackwater, in 25 pound tins, 12 pound bags, just received at 22 Broad st. by CORNELL & DENNIS.

R. R. HAZARD & CO.
ARE now receiving from the New York Manufacturing Co. a supply of Fresh and pure Drugs, Chemicals, and Medicines generally, selected with great care, and under the personal supervision of one of the firm. By conformity with the price and quality of medicines as imported, they will ensure the very best qualities at the lowest prices. Great care is exercised in the selection of Powders, Extracts, Chemicals and Oils, for the preparation of Decays, and unerring execution shall be given to order our stock perfect in every detail, and our prices entirely satisfactory to our customers.

APOTHECARIES' HALL.

JUST Published, Lieut. Lynch's New Work, A Naval Life, or Observations About and Ashore. The Midshipman, by W. F. Lynch, Esq. N. Y. author of the "Days of Expedition," for sale by WILLIAM H. PECK, 79 Thames Street.

A MOST Interesting Book, Peter the Viceroy, A his Early Life, and Adventure in the Arctic Regions, a further parts of the World, by William G. Kingston, with illustrations; 15 cents. The Lily and the Bee, an Apologue of the Crystal Palace, by Samuel Warren, Esq. N. Y. author of "New and True," a history of a Late Physician," &c.; 30 cents; for sale by WILLIAM H. PECK, 79 Thames Street.

DETTY Mary, waits for the Piano Forte, by A. William V. Wallace; Music Memorabilia in the Trees, by William Vincent Wallace, One of the Authors best Piano Forte pieces, just published, for sale by WILLIAM H. PECK, 79 Thames Street.

FOR SALE.

THE new Cottage in Warner street, containing 10 rooms; the house is in excellent order, and possession will be given immediately. If not sold within two weeks, it will then be disposed of at auction.

The remaining part of the 3rd. Irish estate, containing the buildings, the orchard, square, and an acre and a quarter of land opposite, is also for sale. If not sooner disposed of, it will be sold at auction at the same time with the cottage.

Also three sevenths of the farm on Providence. FERRY C. IRISH, WILLIAM C. IRISH.

SWEET Potatoes. Just received a Prime Lot for sale by the barrel, in a cask, or pound, by R. WILSON, 79 Thames Street.

ORANGES. Just received a fresh lot of Oranges, and for sale by R. WILSON, 79 Thames Street.

REWARD

STOLEN last evening, from the Piazza of Dr. O'Sullivan's residence, Kay street, a beautiful bright yellow Canary Bird, with a little Tuft on his head, and his cage. The above reward will be given for the bird and recovery of its thief, or a proportion for either.

R. S. MATTHEW.

DR. D. J. VANNE'S Valuable Family Medicines; a fresh supply of these truly useful and powerful Medicines just received and for sale by the Wholesale and Retail Agents.

R. R. HAZARD & CO., Apothecaries' Hall, 79 Thames Street. Dealers and Druggists supplied at regular Wholesale City prices. Cash and get a correct Allowance for 1852, gratis.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.
HENRY HARTON & CO.,
No. 52 & 53 Westminster St., Providence.
Will open, on Thursday next, with their new and large assortment of Velvet, Satin, Silk, Llama Cloth, Broad Cloth, Whiting and Cashmere Paris Cloth, Sacks, and Mantles, in all the latest styles; and of the most desirable Materials in market. Customers will find in our assortment a much larger variety to select from than in any other store in the city, and at the very lowest prices. These Goods, which they are prepared to make up, at very short notice, into any pattern desired. We would invite every one to examine our assortment, before purchasing elsewhere.

FINE CUTLERY.
A new supply of Fine Pocket Knives, Pen and Ball Knives, superior Razors,—among which are the famous Swiss Razors—Swiss Cutlery, and a fine article in Morocco Cases, with many new and beautiful styles of Fancy Goods, just received by B. H. TIDDALE & SON, 130 Thames St.

COCONUTS. Lately received a Fresh Lot, and for sale at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames St.

CHAIN PUMPS.

A lot of Chain and Piston Pumps, for Chain Pumps, received this day, at 156 Thames Street. A. H. STEVENS.

RICH WINTER VESTINGS.
Rich Silk Vests, and Velvets of beautiful patterns, just opened by D. J. & N. H. GOULD, 79 Thames St.

SMITH'S Rat Exterminator, an excellent article for the destruction of Rats and Mice, sold by G. C. HAZARD, next door North Post Office.

NEW GOODS.
W. M. S. NICHOLS is now opening a great variety of new and fashionable Jewellery, Cutlery, and Britannia and Japanese ware, Corals, Spectacles, Looking Glasses, &c. The articles of silverware, in general, are warranted of good quality, constantly for sale.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Administrator with the Will annexed upon the Estate of Christopher Fry, Esq., late of Newport, dec'd., and having given the bonds required by law, hereby requests all persons indebted to said Estate to make payment and those who have claims to present them.

EDWARD W. LAWTON,
Admin'r with the Will annexed.

LADIES' TRAVELLING BAGS.
New and beautiful style just rec'd, by R. H. TIDDALE & SON.

LEMONS. Lately received a Fresh Lot and for sale at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames St.

NEWTON BROTHERS' FALL SUPPLY OF CHOICE AND FRESH GROCERIES.

JUST RECEIVED, per Steamer Bismarck, from New York, consisting of the following Goods:—

PROVISIONS, &c.
600 Barrels Superfine and Extra Flour; 15 Casks Herring; 200 Bags fine Salt; 3 Cases Ground Table Salt; 5 Casks prime Rice; 25 Boxes Sarsaparilla; 240 Bags Extra Flour; 40 Bags Extra Graham Flour; 100 Bags New Hockwheat; 25 Bbls. Pilot Bread and Crackers; 10 Boxes Mackerel Fatfish.

SUGAR AND COFFEE.
80 Boxes Brown Havana Sugar; 20 Bbls. Crushed Sugar; 10 Bbls. Ground Sugar; 25 Bbls. Refined Sugar; 5 Boxes Lard Sugar; 15 Bags Mocha Coffee; 30 Pockets Old Java Coffee; 25 Bags Rio Coffee; 10 Bags Laguira Coffee; 10 Bags St. Domingo Coffee; 35 Boxes Ground Coffee.

FOREIGN FRUIT, &c.
50 Boxes New French Raisins; 25 quarter Boxes New Raisins; 10 Casks Currants; 20 Bags Peanut; 5 Boxes Citron; 25 Boxes Ground Spice; 5 Cases Prime Nutmegs.

MUSTARD, OLIVE OIL, &c.
25 Boxes Durham Mustard; 15 Baskets Olive Oil; 5 Cases English Pickles; 20 Boxes Pepper Sauce; 15 Boxes Chocolate and Cocoa; 10 Cases Macaroni and Vermacelli.

SOAP, STARCH, &c.
30 Boxes Extra and No. 1 Soap; 20 Boxes Scented and Glycer Soap; 10 Boxes Castile Soap; 5 Boxes Light Soap; 25 Boxes Pearl Starch; 2 Cases Soda; 10 Boxes Jellied Palm Candies; 20 Boxes Admiration Candies.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.
20 Boxes Tobacco; 10 Bbls. Smoking Tobacco; 5 Cases Smoking Tobacco; 10 Cases Chewing Tobacco; 20 Bags Newboy Snuff; 5 Bbls. Scotch Snuff; 50 Boxes Pipes; 30 Thousand Segars.

ALSO, An extensive variety of fine Groceries and other articles, all of which are offered for sale at very low prices.

IN STORE.
A large stock of Fresh Black and Green Tea, Fine Old Wine, Brandy, &c., &c.

Court of Probate, Newport, Oct. 26, 1851.
DANIEL C. DENHAM, Admin'r on the Estate of William Goodspeed, late of Newport, Mar. dec'd., deceased, presents his 2nd account on said estate for allowance, and for a decree of distribution to be paid for said Administration to pay and distribute the balance of said account, to and among the creditors of said William Goodspeed, whose claims are allowed by the Commission on said estate; and said account contains a recital of the proceeds of the sale of the real estate of said Goodspeed made by the Administrator. The same is received and is referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Clerk's Office in Newport, on Monday, the 3d day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; and notice is hereby given that those creditors who are entitled to a share in the proceeds of said estate, or who have claims against said estate, may appear at said Court, and be heard thereon.

B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. CLK.

FRESH GROCERIES.
CORNELL & DENNIS,
22 Broad Street.

OFFER for sale at the very lowest prices, the following goods, just received per steamer, R. H. TIDDALE & SON, which, added to their former stock, makes their assortment very extensive and complete. Superior, Extra and Premium Rice, Corn, Lard, Saffron, Salt, Herring, Mackerel, Sugar, ground Sugar, ground Sesame, A. B. and C. Refined Sugar, granulated Sugar, old Java Coffee, Mocha Coffee, St. Domingo Coffee, ground Coffee, Currants, Raisins, Citron, Nutmegs, ground Spice, Mustard, Olive Oil, Pearl Starch, extra No. 1 Soap, Mergers, Green and Black Tea, Preserved Ginger, Patent Farina, Sarsaparilla, Macaroni, Vermicelli, Isinglass, Hockwheat, Corn, Oats, Corn Starch, Cocoa, Chocolate, Cream of Tartar, Soda, &c., &c.

WAX LIGHTS.

THESE extremely convenient and useful articles will be found the most economical light for the Chamber or Nursery, being free from all smoke and properties, and perfectly safe for sale by G. C. HAZARD, 79 Thames St.

POST OFFICE Stamps may be had at the Drug Store of G. C. HAZARD, Next door North Post Office. This the Public will find a convenience, when the Office is closed.

OVER

R. R. R.
THE PROSPECT

On the month of August, 1849, we promised to the world that we produce a medicine that would
INSTANTLY STOP THE MOST SEVERE PAINS OF PAIN.
 And gladly remove its cause.
 We prepared to hospitals, and all other institutions for the reception of the sick; to Physicians, Surgeons, and all Medical Institutions and to introduce
RAYDAW'S READY RELIEF,
 their investigations and to illustrate its use.

the carbolic germ was paid upon a patient who
is cured that it would delay a few minutes
in doing so.

**RHEUMATIC PAINS,
MALARIA, AGUEFAG, &c.
TIFIC DOLORIFUGA,
CHILL FEVER.**

That the following could restore the pro-
prietary in the bowels, that a few minutes
we stop all pain in a dysentery discharge
to bring a general warmth to every organ
of the body, it is not too positive, yet
it is a fact that the following is a positive
cure for the following diseases, and effective
in all other cases of dysentery.

It is a fact that the following is a positive
cure for the following diseases, and effective
in all other cases of dysentery.

But I can't remove all thermic pain, in the form of heat, from the body. That it would spread the heat all over the body is a possibility. But I can't remove all thermic pain, in the form of heat, from the body. That it would spread the heat all over the body is a possibility. But I can't remove all thermic pain, in the form of heat, from the body. That it would spread the heat all over the body is a possibility.

[illegible]

FIVE MILLION BOTTLES WERE SHOT
Every bottle "Kaine," New Hat, shot. Vermont,
Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New
York, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois,
Indiana, Pennsylvania, Maryland, North Carolina
and Georgia used it as a standard for their
liquor laws. In fact, it was so popular in every State
it became known as the "Standard Bottle."
TO THOSE WHO KNOW NOTHING OF IT.
If you are acquainted with the merits of
KAWAY'S READY RELIEF
independently of any of the States men-

[illegible][illegible]

On the first application of BARKER'S
 down to the fundamental of RELIEF, in ex-
 ternal and internal application, and you will
 find that you will find the relief of the
 most serious cases are with the most rapid
 relief. I have tested the Ready Relief in
 cases of the most serious nature, and I have

[illegible]

1. To cure all kinds of **fevers**.
 2. To cure **cold**, **flu**, **croup**, and **asthma**.
 3. To cure **bronchitis**, **wheezing**, **cough**, and **hoarseness**.
 4. To cure **throat** and **chest** ailments.
 5. To cure **stomach** and **bowel** ailments.
 6. To cure **diarrhea**, **constipation**, and **flatulence**.
 7. To cure **headaches**, **migraines**, and **vertigo**.
 8. To cure **neuralgia**, **sciatica**, and **gout**.
 9. To cure **rheumatism**, **arthritis**, and **osteoporosis**.
 10. To cure **hypertension**, **heart disease**, and **stroke**.
 11. To cure **diabetes**, **obesity**, and **hypothyroidism**.
 12. To cure **anemia**, **asthma**, and **allergies**.
 13. To cure **skin** ailments, **eczema**, and **psoriasis**.
 14. To cure **eye** ailments, **cataracts**, and **glaucoma**.
 15. To cure **ear** ailments, **otitis media**, and **deafness**.
 16. To cure **nose** ailments, **sinusitis**, and **nasal polyps**.
 17. To cure **throat** ailments, **tonsillitis**, and **pharyngitis**.
 18. To cure **chest** ailments, **pneumonia**, and **pleurisy**.
 19. To cure **stomach** ailments, **gastritis**, and **ulcers**.
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Fasten a hair upon the scalp, and braces it to
 the crown.
 Like gum on a barren soil, it makes it rich and
 fertile.
 To the hair it will make it smooth and glossy.
 Strong and beautiful, &c.
*Radway's Universal Ointment is the true cure for
 all kinds of skin eruptions.*
 RADWAY & CO., Proprietors, Chemists,
 152 Fulton street, N. Y.
 R. J. & C. O., Boston, Agents for the State.
 Wm. A. Howard, Rowe & Co., Providence, Agents
 for Rhode Island and in all parts of the country.
 R. H. HAZARD & Co., Agents for Newport.
 Price 75 cts.

BENCH PLANES.
A new lot of bench planes, Planes,
Smoothing planes, sold this eve at 15¢
50. 210. J. A. H. & SONS.

CORN.
200 bushels Corn landing this day
at 25¢. 210. J. ELDERD & SONS.

HATS, HATS.
GENTLEMEN'S HATS, of the Fall Style
just received and for sale low by
JACOB WEAVER.

nH. 111 Thames St.
 HOUSE BELAINES.
 J. BELAINES, Proprietor.
 No. 111, Thames St.,
 London, E.C. 3.
 SAM'L A. PARKER.
 LADIES' GAITERS.
 B. MARRSHALL has on hand a very large
 assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, all
 of the latest and most approved
 patterns, and of the above named
 quality, and of the best
 material, and at No. 110, Thames St.

